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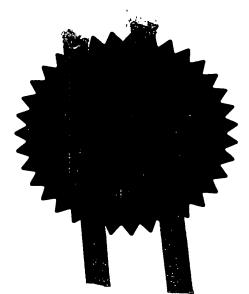
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Dated

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Request for grant of a patent

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23JUH02 E78 763-1 001559 P01/7700 026-02 5375.3

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 8QQ

1. Your reference

MJ/CS/OML.62

2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)

21 JUN 2002

0214373.3

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Owen Mumford Limited Brook Hill Woodstock Oxon OX20 1TU

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

04413738001

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

United Kingdom

4. Title of the invention

Improvements relating to finger pricking lancets

Priority application number

(if you know it)

5. Name of your agent (if you bave one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Wynne-Jones Laine & James

22 Rodney Road Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 1JJ

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

1792001

Country

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these

earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Date of filing (day / month / year)

 If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer Yes' if:

a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or

b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or

c) any named applicant is a corporate body.
 See note (d))

Yes

## Patents Form 1/77 Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form. Do not count copies of the same document Continuation sheets of this form 4 Description Claim(s) Abstract Drawing(s) 10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item. Priority documents Translations of priority documents Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

Any other documents (please specify)

11.	I/We request the grant of patent on the basis of this application.
· · ·	Signature Date 20.06.2002  Wynne-Johes laine & James
12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom	Mr M James 01242 515807

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### "Improvements relating to Finger Pricking Lancets"

. A conventional lancet comprises a needle held by a support body that has been moulded about the needle. In one form of lancet, a removable guard is moulded at the same time to cover the point of the needle. The guard can be snapped away to expose the needle for use. Conventional moulding techniques tend to subject the needle tip to a bending force so that it can be deflected to one side and thus becomes offset from the body. This can be a major disadvantage when the lancet is used in conjunction with an automatic finger pricking device, where the lancet is held by its body and the needlepoint is driven through a small hole in a support platform held against the blood-Any misalignment of the needle could cause increased sampling site. discomfort during the pricking operation. Also, recent diagnostic techniques may include a blood collecting test strip at the sampling site, so it is important to prevent any misalignment of the needle tip to avoid contact between the needle tip and the support platform, or between the needle tip and the wrong part of the test strip.

It is the object of this invention to alleviate the problem of the bending of the needle tip.

Accordingly this invention provides a lancet with a removable guard located over the point of a needle part of the lancet, the guard being formed from a moulded plastics material with an outer edge thickened region leading from the end of the guard remote from the needle point to a thinner section of the plastics material approaching the needle point.

When forming the lancet in this way, during the moulding process, the plastics material is caused to be slowed temporarily as it meets the interface between the outer edge thickened region and the thinner section approaching the needle tip. Ideally the guard will be formed with a centrally positioned hole

close to the end of the guard remote from the needle point. This hole will be created by a pin forming part of the mould for creating the guard. During the moulding process the plastics material will be caused to flow around the central pin. This helps to create a more even flow to both sides of the guard. Consequently, during manufacture, the needle tip will be subjected to controlled balanced forces which act behind the needle point, subjecting it to a lower bending force than with conventional procedures.

Ideally the plastics material forms a further thickened region about the needle tip, but separated from the outer edge region by said thinner section. This is to protect the needle tip from being accidentally being displaced through the side of the plastics material prior to use. Although the needle tip itself will be surrounded by a thickened region of material, the slowing down of the material in the thinner section will be sufficient to limit the potential for a bending force to be applied to the needle tip.

Ideally the guard will be of generally tab-like form, with the thickened region forming arc-like portions on the two side edges of the guard. The guard can be interconnected with a support body holding the needle via a breakable neck portion moulded with the guard and the support body.

The invention also extends to a method of forming a lancet in which a needle is held in a mould formed to create a support body for holding the base portion of the needle and a removable guard about the pointed needle tip, the mould having an entry point for plastics material, at the end of the guard remote from the needle point, leading to an outer edge thickened hollow region which in turn leads to a thinner hollow section approaching the needle tip and plastics material is injected into the mould via the entry point to create the guard about the needle tip.

In the preferred performance of the method the plastics material flows

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around both sides of a pin located close to said entry point towards said edge thickened hollow and ideally may flow into an enlarged hollow region surrounding the needle tip from said thinner hollow section. It is preferred that the plastics material flows from the guard through a neck portion of the mould leading to the part of the mould defining the support body.

The invention may be performed in various ways and a preferred embodiment thereof will now be described in reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figures 1 and 2 are plan, side views respectively of a lancet of this invention; and

Figure 3 is a vertical section through the lancet of Figures 1 and 2.

The lancet shown in the drawings incorporates a needle 1 (Figure 3) held within a support body 2. The tip portion 3 of the needle (having an angled point 4) is protected by a guard 5. The support body 2 and the guard 5 are moulded simultaneously about the needle 1. During moulding the needle is held by pins which create passageways 6 and 7 within the support body 1. The plastics material is injected through an entry point of the mould at the location 8 and is caused to deflect around a pin which creates the hole 9 in the guard 5, so as to increase the balance of flow of material to either side of the pin 9. Conventionally several lancets are moulded at one time to either side of a spine. The plastics material therefore enters at the location 8 at an angle and tends to bend around the far corner of the part of the mould defining the lancet such that there will be an uneven flow of pressure on to the two sides of the end portion 3 of the needle which can tend to bend it, particularly when the plastics material hits the angled face 4. There is then the possibility that the tip 3 will be bent out of shape within the guard 5 which can make the lancet more difficult to use with a finger pricker device when the guard has been removed.

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In order to minimise the tendency for the plastics material to bend the tip 3 of the needle out of shape, the mould is formed such that the mould material is initially encouraged to divide and flow through outer thickened regions 10. These surround a thinner portion 11 with the thickened portion 10 terminating before it reaches the region of the needle tip 3. At this point 12 the plastics material is therefore caused to slow down resulting in greater equalisation of the flow speed of the plastics material to either side of the needle tip 3. Immediately around the needle tip 3 however the mould is formed to create a thickened region 13 to provide adequate protection for the needle tip. Although the flow of plastics material is slowed by the narrow portion 12, there is still sufficient force (although now much more evenly distributed about the needle tip 3) to push the needle back against a rear stop (which creates the hole 14) in the support body 2 to ensure that the projecting part of the needle 1 is of a required length.

In use the guard 5 is twisted to shear the material about a neck 15 so that the guard can be removed to expose the needle tip 3 for use. The moulding method employed which, in particular, creates the narrowed portion 12 between the thickened outer edge regions 10 and the thickened region 13 surrounding the needle tip 3, helps to ensure that the exposed needle tip is unlikely to be in a bent condition when the guard 5 is detached.

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